

Xerostomia

(Zeer-uh-stoh-mee-uh)

Xerostomia is the medical term for dry mouth.

Xerostomia results from temporary blockage of or damage to the major salivary glands of the mouth. When chronic, a dry mouth may lead to discomfort, difficulty speaking, difficulty swallowing or other health problems.

Symptoms may include:

Sticky or "thick" saliva Burning sensation in the mouth Constant or increased thirst Reduced, "papery" or "peppery" taste

Cracked or painful tongue Difficulty eating dry foods

Dry/cracked lips Feeling of food "getting stuck" in the throat

Sores in the mouth Difficulty speaking and swallowing

Other Common Causes of Xerostomia:

Over the counter medication Smoking Radiation Therapy

Prescription medication Alcohol

Caffeine

Health Conditions (Parkinson's Disease, Sjorgren's Syndrome)

Helpful hints to relieve Xerostomia:

Maintain good oral care- brush and rinse several times a day, particularly after meals Use saliva substitute or oral rinses (Biotene, Pill Glide)

Eat moist cooked foods

Chew sugarless gum (Xylitol) or such on hard candy (sugarless)

Consider saliva producing prescription medications (Salagen, Evoxac)

Carry water/sip on water throughout the day

Use a humidifier, especially at night

Alternate liquid with your food while eating

Alert our doctor if you have any sores or pain in your mouth

Medications:

Drink a glass of water before taking medications to moisten your mouth, throat and esophagus Consider liquid medications or coated pills